

Equation of a Line

June 2024 Paper 1

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
25 (a)	$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 3$	M1	for a correct method to find the gradient of the line, eg $\frac{6-3}{2-0} (= \frac{3}{2})$ or identifies 3 as the intercept in words or in a partial equation or for $y = [\frac{3}{2}]x + c$ or for $y - b = [\frac{3}{2}](x - a)$ where (a, b) is a correct coordinate	Just circling 3 is insufficient $[\frac{3}{2}]$ must be identifiable as their gradient c must be seen either as a letter or a number Award of this mark implies the first M1
(b)	Equation	A1 B1	for $y = \frac{3}{2}x (+ c)$ oe or for $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 3, m \neq 0$ or (L) $\frac{3}{2}x + 3$ or $y - y_1 = \frac{3}{2}(x - x_1)$ or $y - b = \frac{3}{2}(x - a)$ where (a, b) is a correct coordinate oe for $y = 5x + c, c \neq 0$ oe	Any correct equation gets 3 marks May be in any equivalent form

November 2023 Paper 3

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
28	$y = -2x + 3$	M1 M1 A1	for a correct method to find the gradient of the line, eg $\frac{-1-3}{2-0} (= -2)$ or uses 3 as the intercept in $y = mx + c$, eg $y = mx + 3$ oe, $y = 1.5x + 3$ for $y = [-2]x + c$ or for (L=) $3 - 2x$ or uses their gradient and a point on the line, eg $y - -1 = [-2](x - 2)$ for $y = -2x + 3$ oe	[-2] must be identifiable as their gradient Any correct equation gets 3 marks

November 2021 Paper 1

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
28 (i)	-4	B1	cao	
(ii)	(0, 3)	B1	cao	

June 2020 Paper 2

Question	Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
29	2	B1	cao	